

Revision nr.2 Dated 12/10/2023 Printed on 12/10/2023 Page n. 1 / 20 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 28/07/2017)

KRAFT HARD & GLOSS 001-White

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

| 1.1. | Product | identifier | |
|------|---------|------------|--|
| | | | |

CK322240001 KRAFT HARD & GLOSS 001-White

UFI :

Code:

0Q60-R03C-T002-E4QP

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

Product name

High quality enamel paint for metal

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

| Name Full address | | ARBEN HELLAS SA DOS AVENUE | |
|--|-------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| District and Country | 19300 | ASPROPYRGOS GREECE | (ATTIKI) |
| | Tel. Fax | +30 210 5519500 +30 210 5519501 | |
| e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet | | druckfarben.gr | |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone number | | | |

For urgent inquiries refer to

0030-210-7793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

| Hazard classification and indication: | | |
|---|------|---|
| Flammable liquid, category 3 | H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| Aspiration hazard, category 1 | H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, | H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| category 3 | | |

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements: H226 H304 H336 EUH066

Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

@ EPY 11.5.1 - SDS 1004.14



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

| Precautionary statements: | |
|---------------------------|--|
| P210 | Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. |
| P331 | Do NOT induce vomiting. |
| P301+P310 | IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor |
| P370+P378 | In case of fire: use alcohol resistant foam to extinguish. |
| P501 | Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant or recycled in accordance with local / |
| | national / international regulations. |
| P102 | Keep out of reach of children. |
| P261 | Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. |
| | |
| Contains: | Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics |

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

| Contains: | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Identification | | x = Conc. % | Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) |
| | OXIDE | | |
| INDEX | | 9 ≤ x < 30 | |
| EC | 236-675-5 | | |
| CAS | 13463-67-7 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119489379-1 | 7-0000 0 ⁻ | 1-2119489379-17-0197 |
| Hydrocarbon | s, C9-C11, n-alkane | es, isoalkanes, cyclics | , <2% aromatics |
| INDEX | 649-327-00-6 | $20 \le x < 30$ | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P |
| EC | 919-857-5 | | |
| CAS | 64742-48-9 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-21119463258-3 | 33 | |
| Hydrocarbon | s, C9-C11, n-alkane | es, isoalkanes, cyclics | , <2% aromatics |
| INDEX | 649-327-00-6 | 5≤x< 9 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P |
| EC | 919-857-5 | | |
| CAS | 64742-48-9 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119463258-3 | 3 | |
| Xylene (ortho | -) | | |
| INDEX | 601-022-00-9 | 1≤x< 5 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C |
| EC | 202-422-2 | | LD50 Dermal: >1700 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l |
| CAS | 95-47-6 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119488216 | | |
| | col Monobutyl Ethe | | |
| INDEX | 603-014-00-0 | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315 |
| EC | 203-905-0 | | LD50 Oral: 1200 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l |
| CAS | 111-76-2 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119475108-30 | 6 | |
| 1-Methoxy 2- | Propanol | | |
| INDEX | 603-064-00-3 | $0 \le x \le 0,5$ | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336 |
| EC | 203-539-1 | | |
| CAS | 107-98-2 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119457435-3 | 5-00XX | |
| | | | |
| | | | |



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| ECTION 3. Co | omposition/infor | mation on ingredi | ents / >> |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Xylene | | | |
| INDEX | 601-022-00-9 | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C |
| EC | 215-535-7 | | STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l |
| CAS | 1330-20-7 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119488216-3 | 2 | |
| Xylene (mixtu | re of isomers) | | |
| INDEX | 601-022-00-9 | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C |
| EC | 215-535-7 | | LD50 Dermal: >1700 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l |
| CAS | 1330-20-7 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119488216-3 | 2 | |
| Trimethylolpro | opane (TMP) | | |
| INDEX | | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Repr. 2 H361fd |
| EC | 201-074-9 | | |
| CAS | 77-99-6 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119486799-1 | 0-0000 | |
| BTC Methoxy | Propyl Acetate (M | PA) | |
| INDEX | 607-195-00-7 | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336 |
| EC | 203-603-9 | | |
| CAS | 108-65-6 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119475791-2 | 9-00XX | |
| n-Butyl Acetat | te | | |
| INDEX | 607-025-00-1 | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066 |
| EC | 204-658-1 | | |
| CAS | 123-86-4 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119485493-2 | 9-0007 01-211948549 | 93-29-0005 01-2119485493-29-0003 01-2119485493-29 |
| Ethylbenzene | | | |
| INDEX | 601-023-00-4 | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373 |
| EC | 202-849-4 | | LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h |
| CAS | 100-41-4 | | |
| Quartz (Crysta | alline Silica) | | |
| INDEX | | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Substance with a community workplace exposure limit. |
| EC | 238-878-4 | | |
| CAS | 14808-60-7 | | |
| 2,6-di-tert-but | yl-p-cresol | | |
| INDEX | | 0 ≤ x < 0,25 | Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1 |
| EC | 204-881-4 | | |
| CAS | 128-37-0 | | |
| REACH Reg. | 01-2119565113-4 | | |
| • | ETHOXY)ETHANOI | | |
| INDEX | 603-096-00-8 | 0 ≤ x < 0,5 | Eye Irrit. 2 H319 |
| | | | |
| EC CAS | 203-961-6 112-34-5 | | |

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed



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ΕN

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)



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Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

| Regulatory Refere | ences: | |
|-------------------|----------------|--|
| BGR | България | НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.) |
| DEU | Deutschland | Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56 |
| GRC | Ελλάδα | Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ''σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία''» |
| ITA | Italia | Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81 |
| ROU | România | Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006 |
| GBR | United Kingdom | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) |
| EU | OEL EU | Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. |
| | TLV-ACGIH | ACGIH 2022 |

| | | | | 2,6-di-tert- | butyl-p-creso | ol | | | |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------|--------------|
| Threshold Limit Va | lue | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ob | Remarks / Observations | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| OEL | EU | 10 | | | | | | | |
| Predicted no-effect | concentra | tion - PNEC | ; | | | | | | |
| Normal value in f | resh water | | | | | | 0,0002 | mg/l | |
| Normal value in r | narine wate | r | | | | | 0,00002 | mg/l | |
| Health - Derived no | -effect leve | I - DNEL / I | OMEL | | | | | | |
| | Effec | ts on consu | mers | | | Effects on work | kers | | |
| Route of exposur | e Acut | e Acu | te | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | local | syst | emic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Inhalation | | | | | | | | VND | 3,5 mg/kg |
| Skin | | | | | | | | VND | 0,5 mg/kg |
| | | | | | | | | | bw/d |

| Xylene | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Observations | | | | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | | | |
| AGW | DEU | 440 | 100 | 880 | 200 | SKIN | | | | | |
| MAK | DEU | 440 | 100 | 880 | 200 | SKIN | | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 435 | 100 | 650 | 150 | | | | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 220 | 50 | 441 | 100 | SKIN | | | | | |
| OEL | EU | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | SKIN | | | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 434 | 100 | 651 | 150 | | | | | | |

EN



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

| | | | | Quartz (Cr | ystalline Silica) | |
|-------------------|---------|--------|-----|------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Threshold Limit \ | /alue | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Observations |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | |
| VLEP | ITA | 0,1 | | | | RESP |
| TLV | ROU | 0,1 | | | | RESP |
| OEL | EU | 0,1 | | | | RESP |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 0,025 | | | | RESP |

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether

| | | | - | - inglotic orgoo | n monosary | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|--------|-----|------------------|------------|------|------------------------|--|--|
| Threshold Limit | Value | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 98 | 20 | 246 | 50 | SKIN | | | |
| AGW | DEU | 49 | 10 | 98 (C) | 20 (C) | SKIN | | | |
| MAK | DEU | 49 | 10 | 98 | 20 | SKIN | Hinweis | | |
| TLV | GRC | 120 | 25 | | | | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 98 | 20 | 246 | 50 | SKIN | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 98 | 20 | 246 | 50 | SKIN | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 123 | 25 | 246 | 50 | SKIN | | | |
| OEL | EU | 98 | 20 | 246 | 50 | SKIN | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 97 | 20 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

| | | • | iyarooar | 50115, 00 | ori, ir unturies | , 100umuneo, | oyonoo, ~ 270 ure | manos | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|------------|----------|-----------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------|----------|--|
| Threshold Limi | it Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Type Country | | WA/8h | | STEL/15 | STEL/15min | | Remarks / Observations | | | |
| | | n | ng/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | | |
| TLV | GRO | C 1 | 200 | | | | | | | | |
| Health - Derive | d no-effe | ct level - | DNEL / I | OMEL | | | | | | | |
| | | Effects | on consu | mers | | | Effects on wor | Effects on workers | | | |
| Route of exp | Route of exposure A | | Acu | te | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | |
| | | local | sys | temic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic | |
| Oral | | | | | VND | 300 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | VND | 900 | VND | 1500 | | | |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 | | | |
| Skin | | | | | VND | 300 | | | VND | 300 | |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg/d | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | Xylen | e (ortho-) | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------|-----------|------|---------|------------|----------------|-------------|---------|----------|
| hreshold Limit Value | l. | | | | | | | | |
| Туре Сс | ountry 1 | WA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ol | oservations | | |
| | r | ng/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| MAK DE | U | | 100 | | 200 | | | | |
| TLV GF | RC . | 435 | 100 | 650 | 150 | | | | |
| WEL GE | BR | | 50 | | 100 | | | | |
| OEL EL | J | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | | 100 | | 150 | | | | |
| Predicted no-effect co | ncentratio | n - PNEC | | | | | | | |
| Normal value in fres | h water | | | | | | 0,327 | mg/l | |
| Normal value in mar | ine water | | | | | | 0,327 | mg/l | |
| Normal value for fre | | | | | | | 12,46 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for ma | rine water | sediment | | | | | 12,46 | mg/kg | |
| lealth - Derived no-ef | fect level - | DNEL / D | MEL | | | | | | |
| | Effects | on consun | ners | | | Effects on wor | kers | | |
| Route of exposure | Acute | Acut | э | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | local | syste | mic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | VND | 1,6 | | | | |
| | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | 174 | 174 | | VND | 14,8 | 289 | 289 | VND | 77 |
| | mg/m3 | mg/n | 13 | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | VND | 108 | | | VND | 180 |
| | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg/d |



Inhalation

Skin

DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

| | | | | Xylene (mix | ture of isome | ers) | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-------------|------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|---------|----------------|
| hreshold Limit Val | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ol | oservations | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| MAK | DEU | | 100 | | 200 | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 435 | 100 | 650 | 150 | | | | |
| WEL | GBR | | 50 | | 100 | | | | |
| OEL | EU | 221 | 50 | 442 | 100 | | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | | 100 | | 150 | | | | |
| Predicted no-effect | concentratio | on - PNEC | | | | | | | |
| Normal value in fr | | | | | | | 0,327 | mg/l | |
| Normal value in m | | | | | | | 0,327 | mg/l | |
| Normal value for f | | ediment | | | | | 12,46 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for r | | | | | | | 12,46 | mg/kg | |
| Health - Derived no- | | | MEI | | | | 12,40 | ing/itg | |
| iouiti Borreu IIO- | | s on consur | | | | Effects on worl | kers | | |
| Route of exposure | | Acut | | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| Noule of exposure | local | | emic | local | systemic | Acute IOcal | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | iucal | Syst | enne | VND | 1,6 | | systemic | IUCAI | Systemic |
| Ulai | | | | VIND | , | | | | |
| Inholation | 171 | 174 | | | mg/kg/d | 289 | 200 | | 77 |
| Inhalation | 174 | | | VND | 14,8 | | 289 | VND | 77 |
| | mg/m3 | 3 mg/r | m3 | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | VND | 108 mg/kg/d | | | VND | 180 mg/kg/d |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1-Methox | y 2-Propano | I | | | |
| Threshold Limit Val | ue | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ol | oservations | | |
| | • | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| MAK | DEU | J | 100 | J | 200 | | | | |
| | GRC | 360 | 100 | 1080 | 300 | | | | |
| | GBR | | 100 | 1000 | 150 | | | | |
| | EU | 375 | 100 | 568 | 150 | | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | _0 | 010 | 100 | 000 | 150 | | | | |
| Predicted no-effect | concontrati | | | | 150 | | | | |
| Normal value in fr | | | | | | | 10 | mg/l | |
| Normal value in m | | | | | | | 10 | U | |
| | | | | | | | | mg/l | |
| Normal value for f | | | | | | | 41,6 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for r | | | | | | | 4,17 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for v | | | | | | | 100 | mg/l | |
| Health - Derived no- | | | | | | | | | |
| | | s on consur | | | | Effects on worl | | | |
| Route of exposure | e Acute | Acut | e | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | local | syst | emic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | VND | 3,3 | | | | |
| | | | | | mg/kg | | | | |
| Inholation | | | | | 12.0 | 552 F | | | 260 |

VND

VND

43,9

18,1 mg/kg

mg/m3

553,5

mg/m3

VND

VND

VND

369

50,6

mg/kg

mg/m3



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| n-Butyl Acetate | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------------|-------------|-------|---------|----------|-----------------|------------|---------|----------|
| Threshold Lim | it Value | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Cou | ntry ⁻ | FWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ob | servations | | |
| | | 1 | ng/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | BGF | 2 | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| AGW | DEL | J | 270 | 50 | 270 | 50 | | | | |
| MAK | DEL | J | 270 | 50 | 270 | 50 | | | | |
| TLV | GRO |) | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| TLV | ROI | J | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| WEL | GBF | र | 274 | 50 | 548 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| OEL | EU | | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC | | | | | | | | | | |
| Normal value | e in fresh | water | | | | | | 0,635 | mg/l | |
| Normal value | e in marir | e water | | | | | | 0,0635 | ml/l | |
| Normal value | e for fresł | n water se | ediment | | | | | 3,29 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value | e for mari | ne water | sediment | | | | | 0,329 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value | e for wate | r, intermi | ttent relea | ase | | | | 6,35 | mg/l | |
| Normal value | e of STP | microorga | anisms | | | | | 100 | mg/l | |
| Health - Derive | d no-effe | ct level - | DNEL / | DMEL | | | | | | |
| | | Effects | on consu | imers | | | Effects on work | ers | | |
| Route of exp | osure | Acute | Acu | ıte | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | | local | sys | temic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | | VND | 1,67 | | | | |
| | | | | | | mg/kg | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | VND | 33 | 553,5 | VND | VND | 275 |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | | | mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | | VND | 54,8 | | | VND | 153,5 |
| | | | | | | mg/kg | | | | mg/kg |

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

| BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA) | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------|---------|---------------|-----------------|------------|---------|----------------|
| Threshold Lin | nit Value | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Count | try TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Ob | servations | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| AGW | DEU | 270 | 50 | 270 | 50 | | | | |
| MAK | DEU | 270 | 50 | 270 | 50 | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 274 | 50 | 548 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| OEL | EU | 275 | 50 | 550 | 100 | SKIN | | | |
| Predicted no-e | effect conc | entration - PNE | С | | | | | | |
| Normal valu | ie in fresh w | ater | | | | | 0,635 | mg/l | |
| Normal valu | ie in marine | water | | | | | 0,0635 | ml/l | |
| Normal valu | le for fresh v | water sediment | | | | | 3,29 | mg/kg | |
| Normal valu | e for marine | e water sedimen | t | | | | 0,329 | mg/kg | |
| Normal valu | e for water, | intermittent rele | ase | | | | 6,35 | mg/l | |
| Normal valu | ie of STP m | icroorganisms | | | | | 100 | mg/l | |
| Health - Derive | ed no-effec | t level - DNEL / | DMEL | | | | | | |
| | | Effects on cons | umers | | | Effects on work | ers | | |
| Route of ex | posure | Acute Ac | ute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | | local sys | stemic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | VND | 1,67 mg/kg | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | VND | 33 mg/m3 | 553,5 mg/m3 | VND | VND | 275 mg/m3 |
| Skin | | | | VND | 54,8 mg/kg | - | | VND | 153,5 mg/kg |
| | | | | | | | | | |



DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA

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| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Observations | | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 10 | | | | RESP | | | |
| TLV | GRC | | 10 | | | | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 10 | | 15 | | | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 10 | | | | INHAL | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 4 | | | | RESP | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 2,5 | | | | RESP | | | |

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15m | nin | Remarks / C | bservations | |
|-----------|---------|--------|-----|-----------|--------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 67,5 | 10 | 101,2 | 15 | | | |
| AGW | DEU | 67 | 10 | 100,5 (C) | 15 (C) | | Hinweis | |
| MAK | DEU | 67 | 10 | 100,5 | 15 | | Hinweis | |
| TLV | GRC | 67,5 | 10 | 101,2 | 15 | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 67,5 | 10 | 101,2 | 15 | | | |
| TLV | ROU | 67,5 | 10 | 101,2 | 15 | | | |
| WEL | GBR | 67,5 | 10 | 101,2 | 15 | | | |
| OEL | EU | 67,5 | 10 | 101,2 | 15 | | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 66 | 10 | | | INHAL | | |

| Etnyibenzene | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------|--------|-----|---------|-----|------------------------|--|--|
| Threshold Limit Value | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min | Remarks / Observations | | |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | |
| TLV | BGR | 435 | | 545 | | SKIN | | |
| AGW | DEU | 88 | 20 | 176 | 40 | SKIN | | |
| MAK | DEU | 88 | 20 | 176 | 40 | SKIN | | |
| TLV | GRC | 435 | 100 | 545 | 125 | | | |
| VLEP | ITA | 442 | 100 | 884 | 200 | SKIN | | |
| TLV | ROU | 442 | 100 | 884 | 200 | SKIN | | |
| WEL | GBR | 441 | 100 | 552 | 125 | SKIN | | |
| OEL | EU | 442 | 100 | 884 | 200 | SKIN | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 87 | 20 | | | | | |

Ethylhonzono

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

| Threshold Limit | Value | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|-------------|---------|------|---------|----------|----------------|-------------|---------|----------|
| Туре | Coun | try TW | /A/8h | | STEL/15 | ōmin | Remarks / O | bservations | | |
| | | mg | /m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| TLV | GRC | 120 | 00 | | | | | | | |
| Health - Derived | no-effec | t level - D | NEL / D | OMEL | | | | | | |
| | | Effects on | consu | mers | | | Effects on wor | kers | | |
| Route of expos | sure | Acute | Acu | te | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | Chronic | Chronic |
| | | local | syst | emic | local | systemic | | systemic | local | systemic |
| Oral | | | | | VND | 300 | | | | |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | |
| Inhalation | | | | | VND | 900 | VND | 1500 | | |
| | | | | | | mg/m3 | | mg/m3 | | |
| Skin | | | | | VND | 300 | | | VND | 300 |
| | | | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg/d |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Dreventing | Value | lufe we attack |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| Properties | Value | Information Temperature: 25 °C |
| Appearance Colour | liquid white | Temperature. 25 C |
| Odour | characteristic of solvent | |
| Melting point / freezing point | not available | |
| Initial boiling point | not available | |
| Flammability | not available | |
| , | not available | |
| Lower explosive limit | not available | |
| Upper explosive limit | $rac{1}{23} \le T \le 60$ °C | |
| Flash point | not available | |
| Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature | not available | |
| | not available | Dessen for missing detain the tange / mixture is |
| pH | not available | Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water) |
| Kinematic viscosity | 68 mm2/s | Method:Converting Formula from Dynamic |
| | | Viscosity & Density |
| | | Temperature: 25 °C |
| Dynamic viscosity | 80 KU | Method:ASTM D 562-05 |
| | | Temperature: 25 °C |
| Solubility | not available | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | not available | |
| Vapour pressure | not available | |
| Density and/or relative density | 1,17 g/cm3 | Method:ISO 2811 |
| | | Temperature: 25 °C |
| Relative vapour density | not available | |
| Particle characteristics | not applicable | |
| | | |
| 9.2. Other information | | |
| | | |
| 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical ha | zard classes | |
| | | |
| Information not available | | |
| 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics | | |
| | | |

65 72 %



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

1-Methoxy 2-Propanol

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents, dissolves various plastic materials; it is stable but with air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

n-Butyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA) Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Xylene

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether

May react dangerously with: aluminium,oxidising agents.Forms peroxides with: air.

Xylene (ortho-)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

1-Methoxy 2-Propanol

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: can react dangerously with strong oxidising agents and strong acids.

n-Butyl Acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

May react with: oxidising substances.May form peroxides with: oxygen.Develops hydrogen on contact with: aluminium.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

Ethylbenzene

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

Avoid exposure to: heat.

Keep away from: oxidising agents.

1-Methoxy 2-Propanol

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: avoid exposure to the air.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: air.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics Avoid exposure to: heat.



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Keep away from: oxidising agents. **10.5. Incompatible materials**

1-Methoxy 2-Propanol

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: oxidising agents, strong acids and alkaline metals.

n-Butyl Acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals. BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Incompatible with: oxidising substances,strong acids,alkaline metals.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether May develop: hydrogen. 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL May develop: hydrogen. Ethylbenzene May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Xylene (ortho-)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

Xylene (mixture of isomers) XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

1-Methoxy 2-Propanol

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL: the main way of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory way is less important owing to the low vapour tension of the product. Concentrations above 100 ppm cause eye irritation, nose and oropharynx. At 1000 ppm disturbance in the equilibrium and severe eye irritation is observed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and ocular irritation on direct contact. No chronic effects have been reported in man.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

n-Butyl Acetate

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Xylene

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

n-Butyl Acetate WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA) WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Ethylbenzene WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure



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Xylene

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

n-Butyl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA)

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL

May be absorbed by inhalation, ingestion and skin contact; is irritating for the skin and especially for the eyes. May cause damage to the spleen. At room temperature the danger of inhalation is unlikely, due to the low vapour pressure of the substance.

Ethylbenzene

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (IspesI). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

Interactive effects

Xylene

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

| ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: | > 20 mg/l Not classified (no significant component) >2000 mg/kg |
|--|---|
| Xylene | |
| LD50 (Dermal): | 4350 mg/kg Rabbit |
| STA (Dermal): | 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP |
| | (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture) |
| LD50 (Oral): | 3523 mg/kg Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 26 mg/l/4h Rat |
| Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | |
| LD50 (Oral): | 1200 mg/kg Guinea pig |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 2,2 mg/l/4h Rat |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cycli | ics <2% aromatics |
| LD50 (Dermal): | > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit |
| LD50 (Oral): | > 5000 mg/kg Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | > 20 mg/l/4h Rat |
| Xylene (ortho-) | |
| LD50 (Dermal): | > 1700 mg/kg Rabbit |
| LD50 (Oral): | 3523 mg/kg Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 5000 ppm/4h Rat |
| STA (Inhalation vapours): | 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP |
| | (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture) |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) | |
| LD50 (Dermal): | > 1700 mg/kg Rabbit |
| LD50 (Oral): | 3523 mg/kg Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 5000 ppm/4h Rat |
| 1-Methoxy 2-Propanol | |
| LD50 (Dermal): | > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit |
| LD50 (Oral): | > 2000 mg/kg Rat |
| LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 54,6 mg/l/4h Rat |
| | 🕲 EPY 11 |



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| n-Butyl Acetate LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | > 5000 mg/kg Rat 8530 mg/kg Rat > 25,8 mg/l Rat |
|---|--|
| BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA) LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | > 5000 mg/kg Rat 8530 mg/kg Rat > 25,8 mg/l Rat |
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE LD50 (Oral): | > 10000 mg/kg Rat |
| 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): | 2700 mg/kg Rabbit 3384 mg/kg Rat |
| Ethylbenzene LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | 15354 mg/kg Rabbit 3500 mg/kg Rat 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): | es, <2% aromatics > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Rat > 20 mg/l/4h Rat |

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Xylene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

Ethylbenzene

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Toxic for aspiration

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics | |
|--|--|
| LC50 - for Fish | > 100 mg/l/96h Fish / Aquatic Invertebrates / Algae / Microorganisms |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | > 100 mg/l/48h |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | > 100 mg/l/72h |
| Chronic NOEC for Fish | > 0,1 mg/l |
| Chronic NOEC for Crustacea | > 0,1 mg/l |
| | |
| Xylene (ortho-) | 100 m ///00 M |
| LC50 - for Fish | > 100 mg/l/96h Microorganisms |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) | |
| LC50 - for Fish | > 100 mg/l/96h Microorganisms |
| | |
| 1-Methoxy 2-Propanol | |
| LC50 - for Fish | > 6,8 mg/l/96h |
| | |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics | |
| LC50 - for Fish | > 100 mg/l/96h Fish / Aquatic Invertebrates / Algae / Microorganisms |
| EC50 - for Crustacea | > 100 mg/l/48h |
| EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants | > 100 mg/l/72h |
| Chronic NOEC for Fish | > 0,1 mg/l |
| Chronic NOEC for Crustacea | > 0,1 mg/l |
| 12.2. Persistence and degradability | |
| 2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | |
| Degradability: information not available | |
| | |
| Xylene | |
| Solubility in water | 100 - 1000 mg/l |
| Rapidly degradable | |
| Ethulana Olyari Manakutul Ethan | |
| Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | 4000 40000 mm/ |
| Solubility in water | 1000 - 10000 mg/l |
| Rapidly degradable | |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics | <2% aromatics |
| Rapidly degradable | , _// d.od.o. |
| | |
| Xylene (ortho-) | |
| Rapidly degradable | |
| Vulence (mixture of isomore) | |
| Xylene (mixture of isomers) | |
| Rapidly degradable | |
| n-Butyl Acetate | |
| Solubility in water | > 10000 ma/l |
| Rapidly degradable | |
| | |
| BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA) | |
| Solubility in water | > 10000 mg/l |
| Rapidly degradable | |
| | |
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | |
| Solubility in water | < 0,001 mg/l |
| Degradability: information not available | - |
| | |
| | |



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| SECTION 12. Ecological information/ | >> | |
|--|------------------------|--|
| 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL | | |
| Solubility in water | 1000 - 10000 mg/l | |
| Rapidly degradable | | |
| | | |
| Ethylbenzene | | |
| Solubility in water | 1000 - 10000 mg/l | |
| Rapidly degradable | J | |
| | | |
| Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, | cyclics, <2% aromatics | |
| Rapidly degradable | | |
| | | |
| 2.3. Bioaccumulative potential | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 5,1 Log Kow | |
| BCF | < 1800 | |
| Xylene | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 3.12 | |
| BCF | 25,9 | |
| BCF | 25,9 | |
| Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 0,81 | |
| r artition coefficient. n-octanol/water | 0,01 | |
| n-Butyl Acetate | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 1,2 | |
| | -,= | |
| BTC Methoxy Propyl Acetate (MPA) | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 1,2 | |
| | - ; | |
| 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 1 | |
| | | |
| Ethylbenzene | | |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | 3,6 | |
| | | |
| 2.4. Mobility in soil | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| N/ 1 | | |

| Xylene | |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| Partition coefficient: soil/water | 2,73 |

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

waste transportation may be subject to ADR restin

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.



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SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

| ADR / RID: | PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL |
|------------|---------------------------------|
| IMDG: | PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL |
| IATA: | PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL |
| | |

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

| ADR / RID: | Class: 3 | Label: 3 | |
|------------|----------|----------|---|
| IMDG: | Class: 3 | Label: 3 | 3 |
| IATA: | Class: 3 | Label: 3 | |

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: IMDG:

IATA:

Special provision: 163, 367, 650 Cargo: Passengers: Special provision:

HIN - Kemler: 30

Limited Quantities: 5 L EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 220 L Maximum quantity: 60 L A3, A72, A192

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions: 366 Packaging instructions: 355

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

P5c

| Restrictions relating | to the product of | r contained substances | nursuant to An | nex XV/II to EC | Regulation 19 | 07/2006 |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------|
| restrictions relating | | | purodunt to 7 th | | rtegulation re | 01/2000 |
| Product | | | | | | |

| Product | |
|---------------------|--------|
| Point | 3 - 40 |
| Contained substance | |
| Point | 75 |

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

ΕN



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

| Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 2 Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 STOT RE 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 H225 H226 H361fd H302 H312 H332 H304 H373 H319 H315 H335 H336 H400 | Flammable liquid, category 2 Flammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Acute toxicity, category 4 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Very toxic to aquatic life. |
|---|---|
| | |
| | |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. |
| | |

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%



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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.



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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 06 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.