

Revision nr.8 Dated 21/03/2024 Printed on 21/03/2024 Page n. 1 / 0 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 26/07/2017)

**KRAFT EPOXY PRIMER Grey Comp.-A** 

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: CK272971001 Product name KRAFT EPOXY PRIMER Grey Comp.-A UFI : 45C1-S05A-900F-M4DA 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use 2-Component Solvent-Based Epoxy Primer 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA Name Full address **MEGARIDOS AVENUE** District and Country 19300 **ASPROPYRGOS** (ATTIKI) GREECE Tel. +30 210 5519500 Fax +30 210 5519501 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet psafety@druckfarben.gr 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to 0030-210-7793777

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Mazard chaises if icsutione and indication: Flammable liquid, category 3

Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H <mark>3</mark> 35	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		

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H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statemen	its:
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor
P370+P378	In case of fire: use alcohol resistant foam to extinguish.
P501	Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant or recycled in accordance with local national / international regulations.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
Contains:	4.4'-(1-methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with
	2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
	XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)
	2-Methylpropan-1-ol

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\ge 0.1\%$ .

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
4,4'-(1-methy	ethylidene)bisphe	enol polymer with	2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]
INDEX	<b>,</b> , ,	10 ≤ x < 30	Eve Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317
EC	607-500-3		<b>, , , , , , , , , ,</b>
CAS	25036-25-3		
INDEX		$9 \le x \le 30$	
EC	236-675-5	0 = 1 00	
CAS	13463-67-7		
REACH Req.		17-0000	01-2119489379-17-0197 01-2119489379-17
Xylene	01 2110 100010	// 0000	
INDEX	601-022-00-9	9≤x< 10	Flam. Lig. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304
MDEX	001-022-00-5	0 = X < 10	STOT RE 2 H373, Eve Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,
			Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the
			CLP Regulation: C
EC	215-535-7		LD50 Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l/4h
CAS	1330-20-7		ED50 Dermai. 1100 mg/kg, EC50 milalation vapours. 11 mg/l/4m
REACH Reg.		22	
•		vibenzene and xyle	
INDEX	cuon mass or em	$5 \le x < 9$	Flam. Lig. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304
INDLX		32X 9	STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,
50	005 500 0		Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC	905-588-0		STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
CAS			
REACH Reg.		34 01-2119539452-	40 01-2119539452-40-0055 01-2119485493-29
2-Methylprop			
INDEX	603-108-00-1	1≤x< 3	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,
			STOT SE 3 H336
EC	201-148-0		
CAS	78-83-1		
REACH Req.	01-2119484609-	22 0006	



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SECTION 3. C	omposition/infor	rmation on ingred	ients/>>
n-Butyl Aceta	ate		
INDEX	607-025-00-1	0 ≤ x < 0,5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	204-658-1		
CAS	123-86-4		
REACH Reg.	01-2119485493-2	9-0007 01-21194854	193-29-0005 01-2119485493-29-0003 01-2119485493-29
	Methylethyl Acetat	e	
INDEX	607-195-00-7	0 ≤ x < 0,5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336
EC	203-603-9		
CAS	108-65-6		
REACH Reg.	01-21194575791-	-29-0015 01-2119475	379129
Quartz (Cryst	talline Silica)		
INDEX		0 ≤ x < 0,5	Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.
EC	238-878-4		
CAS	14808-60-7		
Toluene			
INDEX		0 ≤ x < 0,5	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC	203-625-9		
CAS	108-88-3		
REACH Reg.	01-2119471310-5	51	
	ure of isomers)		
INDEX	601-022-00-9	0 ≤ x < 0,5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC	215-535-7		LD50 Dermal: >1700 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
CAS	1330-20-7		
REACH Reg.	01-2119488216-3	32	
	Methylethyl Acetat		
INDEX	607-195-00-7	0 ≤ x < 0,5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336
EC	203-603-9		
CAS	108-65-6		
REACH Reg.	01-2119475791-2	9 01-2119565113-46	S-0017 01-2119475791-29-0045 01-2119475791-29-0001

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE



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#### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures ... / >>

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
DEU	Deutschland	Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας



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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... />>

		2004/37/EK ''σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία''»
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru
		modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)
		2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive
		2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive
		91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023

				>	(ylene		
reshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150		
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		

				2-Methyl	propan-1-ol		
<b>Threshold Limit</b>	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
AGW	DEU	310	100	310 (C)	100 (C)		
MAK	DEU	310	100	310	100		
TLV	GRC	300	100	300	100		
TLV	ROU	100	33	200	66		
WEL	GBR	154	50	231	75		
TLV-ACGIH		152	50				

	Quartz (Crystalline Silica)											
Threshold Limit	Value											
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations						
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm							
TLV	ROU	0,1				RESP						
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP						
TLV-ACGIH		0,025				RESP						

			1	2-Methoxy-1-M	ethylethy	Acetate
Threshold Lim	it Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50	
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50	
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100	
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN



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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

				Тс	oluene	
Threshold Limit	t Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	192	50	384	100	SKIN
AGW	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	190	50	380	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	192	50	384	100	
TLV	ROU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	191	50	384	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH			20			

### Xylene (mixture of isomers)

hreshold Limit Valu	e								
Туре С	ountry	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
MAK D	EU		100		200				
TLV G	RC	435	100	650	150				
WEL G	BR		50		100				
OEL E	U	221	50	442	100				
TLV-ACGIH			100		150				
redicted no-effect c	oncentra	tion - PNE	С						
Normal value in fre	sh water						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value in ma	irine wate	r					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for fre	esh water	sediment					12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for m	arine wate	er sedimen	t				12,46	mg/kg	
lealth - Derived no-e	ffect leve	I - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effec	cts on consi	umers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acut	e Aci	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	sys	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral		-		VND	1,6		-		-
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	174	174	1	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
	mg/n	n3 mg	/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin	5			VND	108			VND	180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

#### n-Butyl Acetate **Threshold Limit Value** TWA/8h STEL/15min Remarks / Observations Туре Country mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm 50 100 SKIN TLV BGR 275 550 AGW DEU 270 50 270 50 MAK 50 50 DEU 270 270 TLV GRC 275 50 550 100 275 50 550 SKIN TLV ROU 100 SKIN WEL GBR 274 548 100 50 OEL EU 275 50 550 100 SKIN Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC 0,635 Normal value in fresh water mg/l Normal value in marine water 0,0635 ml/l Normal value for fresh water sediment 3,29 mg/kg Normal value for marine water sediment 0,329 mg/kg Normal value for water, intermittent release 6,35 mg/l Normal value of STP microorganisms 100 mg/l Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on consumers Effects on workers Route of exposure Acute Acute Chronic Chronic Acute local Acute Chronic Chronic local systemic local systemic systemic systemic local Oral VND 1,67 mg/kg Inhalation VND 33 553,5 VND VND 275 mg/m3 mg/m3 mg/m3 Skin VND 54,8 VND 153,5 mg/kg mg/kg

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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

TITANIUM DIOXIDE									
Threshold Limit Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / C	Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	10				RESP			
MAK	DEU	0,3		2,4		RESP	Hinweis		
TLV	GRC		10						
TLV	ROU	10		15					
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL			
WEL	GBR	4				RESP			
TLV-ACGIH		0,2				RESP			

#### 2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50	
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50	
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100	
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

## **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	liquid
Colour	grey

Information Temperature: 25 °C Temperature: 25 °C 1

@ EPY 11.6.1 - SDS 1004.14



SECTION 0 Devoiced and chemical

## **DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA**

**KRAFT EPOXY PRIMER Grey Comp.-A** 

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical pro	perties / >>	
SECTION 9. Physical and chemical pro Odour Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Flammability Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature pH Kinematic viscosity	perties       / >>         characteristic         not available         not available         not available         not available         not available         23 ≤ T ≤ 60         rot available         not available         not available         not available         1130-1830 mm2/s	Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water) Method:Converting Formula from Dynamic
		Viscosity & Density
Dynamic viscosity	100-115 KU	Temperature: 25 °C Method:ASTM D 562-05 Temperature: 25 °C
Solubility	not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	1,40-1,44 g/cm3	Method:ISO 2811 Temperature: 25 °C
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	
9.2. Other information		
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical ha	zard classes	
Information not available		
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		
Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	79,37 %	
SECTION 10. Stability and react	ivity	
10.1 Reactivity		

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

Toluene

Avoid exposure to: light.

n-Butyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Xylene

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

Toluene



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#### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ... / >>

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds. May form explosive mixtures with: air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.sulphur.

#### Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### n-Butyl Acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

#### 2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

n-Butyl Acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

- 2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate
- Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

#### n-Butyl Acetate The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Xylene

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

#### Toluene

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

n-Butyl Acetate WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure



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#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

#### Xylene

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### 2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

#### Toluene

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### n-Butyl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

#### 2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

#### Interactive effects

#### Xylene

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

Toluene

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:	> 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg
4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer v	vith 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]

LD50 (Dermal):	> 2000 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Oral):	> 2000 mg/kg Rat
XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene	e and xylene)
LD50 (Dermal):	12126 mg/kg Rabbit
STA (Dermal):	1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
· · · · ·	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral):	3523 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	27,124 mg/l/4h Rat
STA (Inhalation vapours):	11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
Xylene	
LD50 (Dermal):	1100 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral).	3523 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

2-Methylpropan-1-ol LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat 11 mg/l/4h Rat

2460 mg/kg Rabbit 2460 mg/kg Rat 19,2 mg/l/4h Rat

> 5000 mg/kg Rat 8530 mg/kg Rat



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#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Toluene LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

Xylene (mixture of isomers) LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

n-Butyl Acetate LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

TITANIUM DIOXIDE LD50 (Oral):

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): > 1700 mg/kg Rabbit 3523 mg/kg Rat 5000 ppm/4h Rat

12124 mg/kg Rabbit

5580 mg/kg Rat

28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

> 5000 mg/kg Rat
 13100 mg/kg Rat
 > 21 mg/l Rat

> 10000 mg/kg Rat

> 5000 mg/kg Rat 8530 mg/kg Rat

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

#### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

Sensitising for the skin

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Xylene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

Toluene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**

May cause respiratory irritation

### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine



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disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

### 12.1. Toxicity

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene) LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	18 mg/l/96h Fresh Water Fish 1,3 mg/l/72h Algae
Xylene (mixture of isomers) LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h Microorganisms
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Xylene Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
2-Methylpropan-1-ol Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
Toluene Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
Xylene (mixture of isomers) Rapidly degradable	
n-Butyl Acetate Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
TITANIUM DIOXIDE Solubility in water Degradability: information not available	< 0,001 mg/l
2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Xylene Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	3,12 25,9
2-Methylpropan-1-ol Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1
2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2
Toluene Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	2,73 90



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#### SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

n-Butyl Acetate Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2
2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3

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#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:



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## SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR /	RID:
IMDG.	

IATA:

Special provision: 163, 367, 650EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>Cargo:MaxPassengers:Special provision:A3

HIN - Kemler: 30

50 Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 220 L Maximum quantity: 60 L A3, A72, A192

Limited Quantities: 5 L

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions: 366 Packaging instructions: 355

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

P5c

#### Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product	
Point 3 - 40	
Contained substance	
Point 75	
Point 48 Toluene	
REACH Reg.: 01-21194713	10-51

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3



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#### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

Repr. 2 Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 STOT RE 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Skin Sens. 1 Aquatic Chronic 3 H225 H226 H361d H312 H361d H312 H332 H304 H373 H318 H319 H315 H335 H317 H336 H412 EUH066	Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Acute toxicity, category 4 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Skin sensitization, category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
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LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament



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### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.



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**KRAFT EPOXY PRIMER Grey Comp.-B** 

## **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	1.1.	Product	identifier
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 Code:
 CK272972001

 Product name
 KRAFT EPOXY PRIMER Grey Comp.-B

 UFI :
 68C1-80UQ-K00X-9FYD

 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use

2-Component Solvent-Based Epoxy Primer

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name Full address		ARBEN HELLAS SA DOS AVENUE	
District and Country	19300	ASPROPYRGOS GREECE	(ATTIKI)
	Tel.	+30 210 5519500	
	Fax	+30 210 5519501	
e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	psafety@	druckfarben.gr	
1.4. Emergency telephone number			

For urgent inquiries refer to

0030-210-7793777

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal	word	s:
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Danger

Hazard statements:



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SECTION 2. Hazards ident	tification/>>
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH208	Contains: Triethylenetetramine
	May produce an allergic reaction.
Precautionary statements:	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to
	do. Continue rinsing.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor
P370+P378	In case of fire: use alcohol resistant foam to extinguish.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P501	Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant or recycled in accordance with local /
	national / international regulations.
Contains:	Xylene
	2-Methylpropan-1-ol
	Ethylbenzene
1	

### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\ge 0.1\%$ .

## **SECTION 3.** Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:			
Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
2-Methylprop	an-1-ol		
INDEX	603-108-00-1	50 ≤ x < 100	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336
EC	201-148-0		
CAS	78-83-1		
REACH Reg.	01-2119484609-23	-0006	
Fatty acids, C	18-unsatd., dimers,	polymers with tall-oil	fatty acids and
triethylenetet	ramine		
INDEX		10 ≤ x < 30	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315
EC			
CAS	68082-29-1		
Xylene			
INDEX	601-022-00-9	5≤x< 9	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC	215-535-7		LD50 Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l/4h
CAS	1330-20-7		
REACH Reg.	01-2119488216-32		
Ethylbenzene	)		
INDEX	601-023-00-4	1≤x< 5	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC	202-849-4		LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l/4h
CAS	100-41-4		
REACH Reg.	01-2119489370-35		



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#### SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients ..../>>

Triethy	ylenetetramine	
	renetetianine	

*INDEX* 612-059-00-5 0,5 ≤ x < 1

Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg

EC292-588-2CAS90640-67-8REACH Reg.01-2119487919-13

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

## **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions



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#### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .... / >>

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

## **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
DEU	Deutschland	Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 2δ/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ''σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία''»
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023



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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

				Х	lylene		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150		
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		

#### 2-Methylpropan-1-ol

Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	310	100	310 (C)	100 (C)	
MAK	DEU	310	100	310	100	
TLV	GRC	300	100	300	100	
TLV	ROU	100	33	200	66	
WEL	GBR	154	50	231	75	
TLV-ACGIH		152	50			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type AX filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

## **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	liquid
Colour	transparent
Odour	characteristic
Melting point / freezing point	not available
Initial boiling point	35

Information Temperature: 25 °C Temperature: 25 °C



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#### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Flammability Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Flash point Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature pH	> °C not available not available not available 22,85 ≤ T < 23 °C not available not available not available	Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is
Kinematic viscosity	360-1150 mm2/s	non-soluble (in water) Method:Converting Formula from Dynamic Viscosity & Density Temperature: 25 °C
Dynamic viscosity	40-60 KU	Method:ASTM D 562-05 Temperature: 25 °C
Solubility	not available	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	0,83-0,87 g/cm3	Method:ISO 2811 Temperature: 25 °C
Relative vapour density	not available	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	
9.2. Other information		
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard	l classes	
Information not available		
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)

24,49 %

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### Xylene

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.



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#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

#### Xylene

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### Xylene

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### Interactive effects

#### Xylene

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

#### ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

> Ethylbenzene LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):

Xylene LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

2-Methylpropan-1-ol LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

#### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

May produce an allergic reaction. Contains: Triethylenetetramine

#### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

> 20 mg/lNot classified (no significant component)>2000 mg/kg

15400 mg/kg 3500 mg/kg 11 mg/l/4h

1100 mg/kg Rabbit 3523 mg/kg Rat 11 mg/l/4h Rat

2460 mg/kg Rabbit 2460 mg/kg Rat 19,2 mg/l/4h Rat



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#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ..../>>

#### Xylene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ethylbenzene LC50 - for Fish	5,1 mg/l/96h Atlantic silverside (Menidia menidia)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Xylene Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
2-Methylpropan-1-ol Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Xylene Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	3,12 25,9
2-Methylpropan-1-ol Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1
12.4. Mobility in soil	

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine



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#### SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3	

#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 33	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision: 163, 367	640D, 650	
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 364
	Passengers:	Maximum quantity: 5 L	Packaging instructions: 353
	Special provision:	A3, A72, A192	

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

П

Information not relevant



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## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Product 3 - 40Point Contained substance Point 75 Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%. Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Lig. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization, category 1B
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.



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#### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

H315 H335	Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.
нзээ Н317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

I FGEND.

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology



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#### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition

- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.