



# KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 1 / 17

(ATTIKI)

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

# **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: CK272981111

Product name KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

UFI: XX81-M070-A00K-E87N

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use 2-Component solvent-based epoxy paint

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA
Full address MEGARIDOS AVENUE
District and Country 19300 ASPROPYRGOS

19300 AGERCE INGOS

GREECE

Tel. +30 210 5519500 Fax +30 210 5519501

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet psafety@druckfarben.gr

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 0030-210-7793777

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		
Skin sensitization, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity, category 3		
toxicity, category 3		

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:









Signal words: Danger



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 2 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Hazard statements:

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

**H304** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor
P370+P378 In case of fire: use alcohol resistant foam to extinguish.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant or recycled in accordance with local /

national / international regulations.

Contains: 2-Methylpropan-1-ol

4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

 $\textbf{4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)} bisphenol \ \ polymer \ \ with \ \ \textbf{2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)} bis(\textbf{4,1-phenylene})] bis[oxirane]$ 

*INDEX* 30 ≤ x < 50 **Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317** 

EC 607-500-3 CAS 25036-25-3 TITANIUM DIOXIDE

INDEX  $9 \le x < 30$ 

EC 236-675-5 CAS 13463-67-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119489379-17-0000 01-2119489379-17-0197 01-2119489379-17

**Xylene** 

EC

INDEX 601-022-00-9 10 ≤ x < 20 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the

**CLP Regulation: C** 

LD50 Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l/4h

CAS 1330-20-7 REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32

215-535-7

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

INDEX  $5 \le x < 9$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226

Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

**Aquatic Chronic 3 H412** 

EC 905-588-0 STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS

REACH Reg. 01-2119486136-34 01-2119539452-40 01-2119539452-40-0055 01-2119485493-29



# KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 3 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

## SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>>

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

INDEX 603-108-00-1 3 ≤ x < 5 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

**STOT SE 3 H336** 

EC 201-148-0 CAS 78-83-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119484609-23-0006 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

INDEX 1 ≤ x < 2,5 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066, Classification note according to Annex VI

to the CLP Regulation: P

EC

CAS 64742-95-6 REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35

n-Butyl Acetate

INDEX 607-025-00-1 0 ≤ x < 0,5 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 CAS 123-86-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29-0007 01-2119485493-29-0005 01-2119485493-29-0003 01-2119485493-29

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

INDEX 601-022-00-9  $0 \le x < 0.5$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 215-535-7 LD50 Dermal: >1700 mg/kg, STA Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS 1330-20-7 REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

INDEX  $0 \le x < 0.5$  Skin Sens. 1B H317

EC 224-518-3 CAS 4394-85-8 REACH Reg. 01-2119987993-12

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

INDEX 601-023-00-4  $0 \le x < 0.5$  Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 202-849-4 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h

CAS 100-41-4

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

INDEX 607-195-00-7  $0 \le x < 0.5$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29 01-2119565113-46-0017 01-2119475791-29-0045 01-2119475791-29-0001

Quartz (Crystalline Silica)

INDEX  $0 \le x < 0.5$  Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.

EC 238-878-4 CAS 14808-60-7

Toluene

*INDEX* 0 ≤ x < 0,5 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin

Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 203-625-9 CAS 108-88-3 REACH Reg. 01-2119471310-51

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

#### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.



# KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 4 / 17 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

#### SECTION 4. First aid measures .../>>

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

# **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.



# KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 5 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage .../>>

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

**BGR** НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, България СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.) Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur DEU Deutschland

Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58 Ελλάδα Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των GRC

οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με

την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»

ROU România Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru

modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006 EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

**GBR** United Kingdom Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) EU OEL EU

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/FFC

**TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2023** 

			4-morphol	inecarbaldehy	<i>r</i> de			
Predicted no-effect cor	centration	- PNEC	-					
Normal value in fresh	water					0,5	mg/l	
Normal value in marir	ne water					0,05	mg/l	
Normal value for fresh	h water sedi	ment				1,85	mg/kg	
Normal value for mar	ine water se	diment				0,0764	mg/kg	
Normal value for water	er, intermitte	nt release				5	mg/l	
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Inhalation			VND	29			VND	98
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin			VND	8			0,293	VND
				mg/kg/d			mg/cm2	

				Х	Ylene		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150		
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 6 / 17 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

# SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

			2-Methyl	propan-1-ol		
alue						
Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin	Remarks / Observations	
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
DEU	310	100	310 (C)	100 (C)		
DEU	310	100	310	100		
GRC	300	100	300	100		
ROU	100	33	200	66		
GBR	154	50	231	75		
	152	50				
	DEU DEU GRC ROU	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 DEU 310 DEU 310 GRC 300 ROU 100 GBR 154	Country         TWA/8h           mg/m3         ppm           DEU         310         100           DEU         310         100           GRC         300         100           ROU         100         33           GBR         154         50	Calue           Country         TWA/8h         STEL/15r           mg/m3         ppm         mg/m3           DEU         310         100         310 (C)           DEU         310         100         310           GRC         300         100         300           ROU         100         33         200           GBR         154         50         231	Country         TWA/8h mg/m3         STEL/15min mg/m3         ppm           DEU         310         100         310 (C)         100 (C)           DEU         310         100         310         100           GRC         300         100         300         100           ROU         100         33         200         66           GBR         154         50         231         75	Country         TWA/8h         STEL/15min         Remarks / Observations           mg/m3         ppm         mg/m3         ppm           DEU         310         100         310 (C)         100 (C)           DEU         310         100         310         100           GRC         300         100         300         100           ROU         100         33         200         66           GBR         154         50         231         75

	Quartz (Crystalline Silica)								
Threshold Limit	Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	ROU	0,1				RESP			
OEL	EU	0,1				RESP			
TLV-ACGIH		0,025				RESP			

				Solve	ent naphtha (pe	troleum), lig	ht aromatic			
Threshold Lim	it Value									
Type	Count	ry TV	VA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
		m	g/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	GRC	10	00							
Health - Derive	ed no-effect	level - D	NEL / I	DMEL						
		Effects o	n consu	mers			Effects on work	ers		
Route of exp	oosure	Acute	Acu	ite	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local	sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral					VND	11				
						mg/kg/d				
Inhalation					VND	32			VND	150
						mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin					VND	11			VND	25
						mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

				To	oluene	
Threshold Limit	Value					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	192	50	384	100	SKIN
AGW	DEU	190	50	760	200	SKIN
MAK	DEU	190	50	380	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	192	50	384	100	
TLV	ROU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	191	50	384	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH			20			



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 7 / 17 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

# SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

				Xylene (mix	ture of isome	ers)			
Threshold Limit Val	ıe			•		•			
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	STEL/15min		oservations		
	•	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
MAK	DEU		100	•	200				
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150				
WEL	GBR		50		100				
OEL	ΞU	221	50	442	100				
TLV-ACGIH			100		150				
Predicted no-effect	concentrat	ion - PNE	С						
Normal value in fr	esh water						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value in m	arine water	•					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for f	resh water s	sediment					12,46	mg/kg	
Normal value for r	narine wate	r sedimen					12,46	mg/kg	
Health - Derived no-	effect level	I - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effect	ts on consi	ımers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	e Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral		•		VND	1,6		•		·
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	174	174	1	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
	mg/m	ı3 mg	/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin				VND	108			VND	180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

				n-But	yl Acetate				
Threshold Lim	it Value								
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50				
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50				
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100				
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN			
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN			
Predicted no-e	effect concent	ration - PNE	С						
Normal valu	e in fresh wate	r					0,635	mg/l	
Normal valu	e in marine wa	iter					0,0635	ml/l	
Normal valu	e for fresh wat	er sediment					3,29	mg/kg	
Normal valu	e for marine w	ater sedimen	t				0,329	mg/kg	
Normal valu	e for water, int	ermittent rele	ase				6,35	mg/l	
Normal valu	e of STP micro	organisms					100	mg/l	
Health - Derive	ed no-effect le	vel - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Eff	ects on consu	umers			Effects on worl	kers		
Route of exp	oosure Ad	ute Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loc	al sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,67				
					mg/kg				
Inhalation				VND	33	553,5	VND	VND	275
					mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin				VND	54,8			VND	153,5
					mg/kg				mg/kg

				TITANIU	JM DIOXID		
Threshold Limit	Value						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	10				RESP	
MAK	DEU	0,3		2,4		RESP Hinweis	
TLV	GRC		10				
TLV	ROU	10		15			
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL	
WEL	GBR	4				RESP	
TLV-ACGIH		0,2				RESP	



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 8 / 17 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

				ETHYL	BENZENE	E
Threshold Limit	Value					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	435		545		SKIN
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125	
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

	2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate									
Threshold Limi	it Value									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN				
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50					
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50					
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100					
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN				
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN				
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN				

#### Leaend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

# HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

#### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

## RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 9 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

# **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Properties** Value Appearance liquid Colour white characteristic Odour Melting point / freezing point not available not available Initial boiling point Flammability not available Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available 23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C Flash point Auto-ignition temperature not available

Auto-ignition temperature not available pH not available not available

Kinematic viscosity 745-1130 mm2/s

Table 1100 mini2/3

Dynamic viscosity 90 -100 KU

Solubility not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available

Density and/or relative density 1,44-1,45 g/cm3

Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable Information

Temperature: 25 °C Temperature: 25 °C

Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is

non-soluble (in water)
Method:Converting Formula from Dynamic
Viscosity & Density

Temperature: 25 °C Method:ASTM D 562-05 Temperature: 25 °C

Method:ISO 2811 Temperature: 25 °C

### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 72,28 %

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

Toluene

Avoid exposure to: light.

n-Butyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 10 / 17 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

Revision nr 8

#### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

Xylene

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

Toluene

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid, nitric acid, silver perchlorate, nitrogen dioxide, non-metal halogenates, acetic acid, organic nitrocompounds. May form explosive mixtures with: air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, sulphur.

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): stable, but may develop violent reactions in the presence of strong oxidising agents such as sulphuric and nitric acids and perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with the air.

n-Butyl Acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

n-Butyl Acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

May develop: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS): has a toxic effect on the CNS (encephalopathies). Irritating to the skin, conjunctivae, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

n-Butyl Acetate

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Xylene** 

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Toluene

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

n-Butyl Acetate

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation: contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 11 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information ..../>>

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Xvlene

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### Toluene

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### n-Butvl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (IspesI). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

#### 2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

#### Interactive effects

#### Xylene

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

#### Toluene

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l

ATE (Oral) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

LD50 (Dermal): > 18400 mg/kg Rabbit LD50 (Oral): > 7360 mg/kg Rat

4,4'-(1-methylethylidene)bisphenol polymer with 2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bis[oxirane]

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg Rat

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

LD50 (Dermal): 12126 mg/kg Rabbit

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 27,124 mg/l/4h Rat

STA (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Xylene

 LD50 (Dermal):
 1100 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 11 mg/l/4h Rat



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 12 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

 LD50 (Dermal):
 2460 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 2460 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 19,2 mg/l/4h Rat

Toluene

 LD50 (Dermal):
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5580 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 1700 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 5000 ppm/4h Rat

n-Butyl Acetate

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Oral):
 13100 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 21 mg/l Rat

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

LD50 (Oral): > 10000 mg/kg Rat

**ETHYLBENZENE** 

 LD50 (Dermal):
 15354 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 3500 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 8530 mg/kg Rat

#### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

#### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

#### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

Sensitising for the skin

### **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### Xylene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

#### Toluene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 1999)

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

#### **ETHYLBENZENE**

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

## REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



# KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 13 / 17 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

**STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE** 

May cause respiratory irritation

**STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE** 

May cause damage to organs

**ASPIRATION HAZARD** 

Toxic for aspiration

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

LC50 - for Fish > 500 mg/l/96h Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe EC50 - for Crustacea > 500 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (Water flea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 23880 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

XYLENE (reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene)

LC50 - for Fish 18 mg/l/96h Fresh Water Fish

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1,3 mg/l/72h Algae

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

LC50 - for Fish > 100 mg/l/96h Microorganisms

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde Rapidly degradable

Xylene

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Toluene
Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Rapidly degradable

n-Butyl Acetate

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

TITANIUM DIOXIDE

Solubility in water < 0,001 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

ETHYLBENZENE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable



# KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 14 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

### SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Xylene** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 **BCF** 25,9

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1

Toluene

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2,73 **BCF** 90

n-Butyl Acetate

1,2 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

FTHYI BENZENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,6

2-Methoxy-1-Methylethyl Acetate

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,2

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

**CONTAMINATED PACKAGING** 

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 15 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

## SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



#### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 163, 367, 650

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

**Product** 

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Point 48 Toluene

REACH Reg.: 01-2119471310-51

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

#### ΕN



# DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA

# KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 16 / 17

Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

# SECTION 15. Regulatory information .../>>

#### Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

#### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flammable liquid, category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3 Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Acute toxicity, category 4 Acute Tox. 4 Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 STOT RE 2

Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin sensitization, category 1 Skin Sens. 1 Skin Sens. 1B Skin sensitization, category 1B

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 **Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Harmful in contact with skin. H312

Harmful if inhaled. H332

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H304

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 Causes serious eye damage.

Causes serious eye irritation. H319 H315 Causes skin irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### LEGEND:

H318

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT White Comp.-A**

Revision nr.8 Dated 14/03/2024 Printed on 14/03/2024 Page n. 17 / 17 Replaced revision:7 (Dated 14/03/2024)

#### SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

03 / 08 / 10 / 11 / 12.



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 1 / 12

(ATTIKI)

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

# **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: CK272982001

Product name KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B

UFI: **HA81-20D7-6003-TV56** 

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use 2-Component solvent-based epoxy paint

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA
Full address MEGARIDOS AVENUE
District and Country 19300 ASPROPYRGOS

GREECE

GREECE

Tel. +30 210 5519500 Fax +30 210 5519501

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet psafety@druckfarben.gr

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 0030-210-7793777

## **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		
Skin sensitization, category 1B	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:











# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 2 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

**H304** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**H318** Causes serious eye damage.

**H315** Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor
P370+P378 In case of fire: use alcohol resistant foam to extinguish.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**P303+P361+P353** IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P501 Dispose of contents / container to an approved waste disposal plant or recycled in accordance with local /

national / international regulations.

Contains: Xylene

2-Methylpropan-1-ol Triethylenetetramine Ethylbenzene

### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, polymers with tall-oil fatty acids and

triethylenetetramine

INDEX  $50 \le x < 100$  Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315

EC

CAS 68082-29-1

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

INDEX 603-108-00-1  $20 \le x < 30$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335,

**STOT SE 3 H336** 

EC 201-148-0 CAS 78-83-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119484609-23-0006

Xvlene

INDEX 601-022-00-9  $10 \le x \le 20$  Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the

**CLP Regulation: C** 

LD50 Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l/4h

EC 215-535-7 CAS 1330-20-7 REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 3 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

### SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients ..../>>

Ethylbenzene

FC

INDEX 601-023-00-4 5 ≤ x < 9 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 202-849-4 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l/4h CAS 100-41-4

REACH Reg. 01-2119489370-35

Triethylenetetramine

INDEX 612-059-00-5 1 ≤ x < 3 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318,

Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg

CAS 90640-67-8 REACH Reg. 01-2119487919-13

292-588-2

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 4 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

#### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .../>>

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

TLV-ACGIH

**ACGIH 2023** 

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17
		Януари 2020г.)
DEU	Deutschland	Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur
		Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των
		οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας
		2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με
		την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru
		modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)
		2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive
		2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive
		91/322/EEC.



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 5 / 12 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

Xylene							
Threshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN	
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150		
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN	
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN	
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150		

				2-Methyl	propan-1-ol	
Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	310	100	310 (C)	100 (C)	
MAK	DEU	310	100	310	100	
TLV	GRC	300	100	300	100	
TLV	ROU	100	33	200	66	
WEL	GBR	154	50	231	75	
TLV-ACGIH		152	50			

#### Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

 $Consider the appropriateness of providing \ antistatic \ clothing \ in \ the \ case \ of \ working \ environments \ in \ which \ there \ is \ a \ risk \ of \ explosion.$ 

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type AX filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS** 

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

#### **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

PropertiesValueInformationAppearanceliquidTemperature: 25 °CColourtransparentTemperature: 25 °C



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 6 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Auto-ignition temperature not available

Decomposition temperature not available

pH not available

Kinematic viscosity 239 mm2/s

Dynamic viscosity 53,5 KU

Solubility not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available Vapour pressure not available

Vapour pressure not available
Density and/or relative density 0,9 g/cm3

Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is

non-soluble (in water)
Method:Converting Formula from Dynamic

Viscosity & Density Temperature: 25 °C

Method:ASTM D 562-05 Temperature: 25 °C

Method:ISO 2811 Temperature: 25 °C

#### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 52,50 %

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Xylene

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 7 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

# 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

**Xylene** 

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Xylene

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

#### Interactive effects

Xylene

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

Ethylbenzene

 LD50 (Dermal):
 15400 mg/kg

 LD50 (Oral):
 3500 mg/kg

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 11 mg/l/4h

Triethylenetetramine

STA (Oral): 500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Xylene

 LD50 (Dermal):
 1100 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 3523 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 11 mg/l/4h Rat

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

 LD50 (Dermal):
 2460 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 2460 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 19,2 mg/l/4h Rat

## SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

## SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 8 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

#### SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Causes serious eye damage

#### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

Sensitising for the skin

#### **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Xvlene

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**

May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE**

May cause damage to organs

### **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Toxic for aspiration

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ethylbenzene

LC50 - for Fish 5,1 mg/l/96h Atlantic silverside (Menidia menidia)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Xylene** 

Solubility in water 100 - 1000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Xvlene

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 BCF 25,9

2-Methylpropan-1-ol

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 9 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

### SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

#### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

**CONTAMINATED PACKAGING** 

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: Ш

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO NO IATA:



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 10 / 12

Packaging instructions: 366

Packaging instructions: 355

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

### SECTION 14. Transport information .../>>

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 163, 367, 650

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 60 L

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

**Product** 

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

## Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

## **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

#### ΕN



# DRUCKFARBEN HELLAS SA

# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 11 / 12

Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

#### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Skin Sens. 1B Skin sensitization, category 1B

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 **Aquatic Chronic 3** 

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H225 Flammable liquid and vapour. H226 H302 Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. H312

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eve damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. H315 H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### LEGEND:

H318

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)



# **KRAFT EPOXY PAINT Comp.-B**

Revision nr.13 Dated 13/03/2024 Printed on 13/03/2024 Page n. 12 / 12 Replaced revision:12 (Dated 12/10/2020)

#### SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

#### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

### Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/03/08/09/10/11/12/14/15/16.